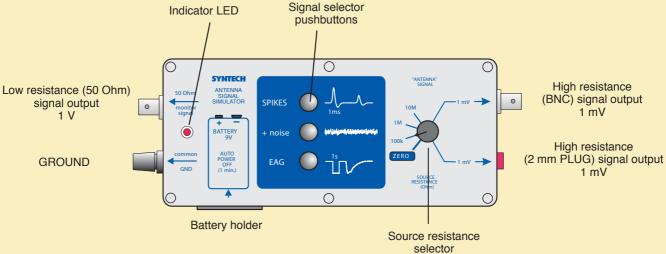
SYNTECH

ANTENNA SIGNAL SIMULATOR



INSTRUCTIONS

A) Device test:

- 1. Insert 9 V battery
- 2. Connect Low resistance output (1V) to an oscilloscope input.
- 4. Set the oscilloscope to a fast time base speed.
- 5. Press the pushbutton for 'Spikes'
- 6. The LED flashes and spike bursts with amplitudes of 1 and 0.5 V are visible
- 7. Set the oscilloscope to a slow time base speed
- 8. Press the pushbutton for 'EAG'
- 9. The LED is on and a 1V block pulse followed by an EAG are visible
- 10. Press the 'noise' button to superimpose noise on the signal.

B) Operation:

- 1. Connect the high resistance output (using the tests leads supplied with the crocodile clamps) to the input of the probe to be tested:
 - * the black wire to the indifferent input (usually ground)
 - * the RED wire to the different input (usually the recording electrode)
 Place the whole device inside the Faraday cage
 Make sure the recording electrode is not connecting any metal.
- 2. Select 100 k source resistance
- 3. Prepare the recording and display device to show the EAG or spike signal.
- 4. Press the EAG or the Spikes pushbutton.
- 5. Check the signal at the display device of the recording system
- 6. Switch the source resistance to 1 M
- 7. Check the signal quality for noise induction etc.
- 8. Switch to 10 M resistance; observe increased noise susceptibility.
- 9. Return to 1 M resistance and select the best filter settings.
- 10. Switch to 'ZERO' to test the base line level (in DC mode only).

Remarks

- * The device is enclosed in a metal box to prevent noise interference with the high resistance output; However, the wires from this output are NOT shielded and thus susceptible to noise (50 Hz etc.); Therefore, the device must be placed inside the Faraday cage at the same location as the antennal preparation.
- * At 10 Mohm source resistance most systems do not perform adequately and show a high noise level and poor signal to noise (S/N) ratio; this is normal.
 - At 1 Mohm source resistance the S/N ratio should be acceptable or good.
- * It is not possible to check the 1mV output signal on an oscilloscope, because of the resistance mismatch.
- * If no button is pressed within one minute the device switches off automatically.

